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**C20-M/CHOT-301****7256****BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-20)****OCTOBER/NOVEMBER—2023****DME—THIRD SEMESTER (COMMON) EXAMINATION****ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—II**

Time : 3 Hours ]

[ Total Marks : 80

**PART—A**

3×10=30

**Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

1. Evaluate  $\int \left( e^x + \sin x + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx$

2. Evaluate  $\int \sec^2(3x - 1) dx$

3. Evaluate  $\int \frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

4. Evaluate  $\int x e^x dx$

5. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 (x^4 + 1) dx$

6. Find the mean value of  $x + x^2$  in the interval (2, 6)

7. Find the area of the region bounded by  $x^2 = 8y$ ,  $x$ -axis and the lines  $x = 1$  and  $x = 2$

**8.** Find the order and degree of the differential equation

$$\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^2 + 2\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^5 = 0$$

**9.** Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$

**10.** Find the integrating factor of  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \tan x = \sec x$

**PART—B**

$8 \times 5 = 40$

**Instructions :** (1) Answer *any five* questions.

(2) Each question carries **eight** marks.

**11.** (a) Evaluate  $\int \sin^5 \theta \cos^3 \theta d\theta$

**(OR)**

(b) Evaluate  $\int \frac{1}{4-5 \cos x} dx$

**12.** (a) Evaluate  $\int \frac{x}{(x-1)(x+2)} dx$

**(OR)**

(b) Evaluate  $\int x^3 e^{5x} dx$

**13.** (a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin 5x \cos 3x dx$

**(OR)**

(b) Prove the  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \tan x dx = 0$

**14.** (a) Find the area bounded between the curves  $y = x^2 - x$  and  $y = x$

**(OR)**

(b) Find the RMS value of  $\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}$  from  $x = 1$  to  $x = 2$

**15.** (a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolution of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  about  $x$ - axis.

**(OR)**

(b) Calculate the approximate value of  $\int_0^2 x^3 dx$  by taking  $n = 5$  using Trapezoidal rule.

## PART—C

$10 \times 1 = 10$

**Instructions :** (1) Answer the following question.  
(2) The question carries **ten** marks.

**16.** Solve  $(3x - y - 1)dx + (5y - x + 3)dy = 0$

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